

Usage Analytics And System Tuning Framework For Interactive Mobile Applications



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System Energy Efficiency Lab

seelab.ucsd.edu



Evaluating Interactive Mobile Applications: Why is it a challenge?

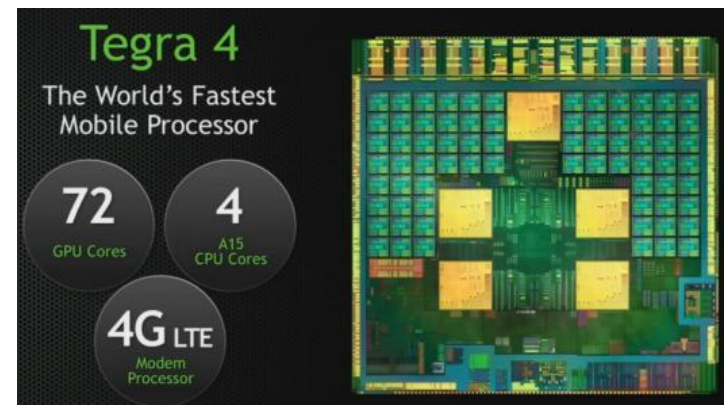


- Mobile systems are rapidly evolving
- How do we evaluate such interactive systems?



Diverse platforms
different power/thermal limits

- Challenges include
 - Incorporating real user behavior
 - Incorporating interactive and diverse use-cases
 - Understanding platform limit impact
 - Evaluating across integrated subsystems (e.g. CPU-GPU)

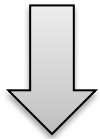


CPU-GPU integration
e.g. Tegra Platform

Mobile Usage Analytics and System Evaluation Methodology

User Study

- We used real usage behavior
- 1 month user study, 33 users
- Instrumented the phones to understand CPU-GPU joint behavior



Sample tests/scenarios (recording enabled)

User usage data (instrumented phones)

Clustering and feature extraction

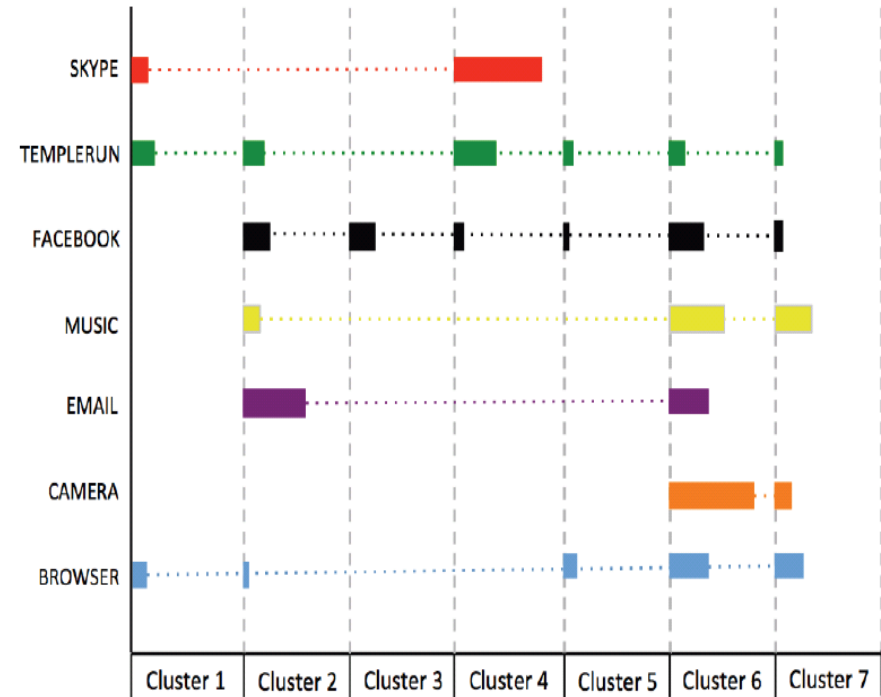
Representative app/scenario selection

Focused scenario-based tests/experiments (replayable)

Analysis and design decisions

- On the field
- At the desk
- In the lab

Evaluation Framework

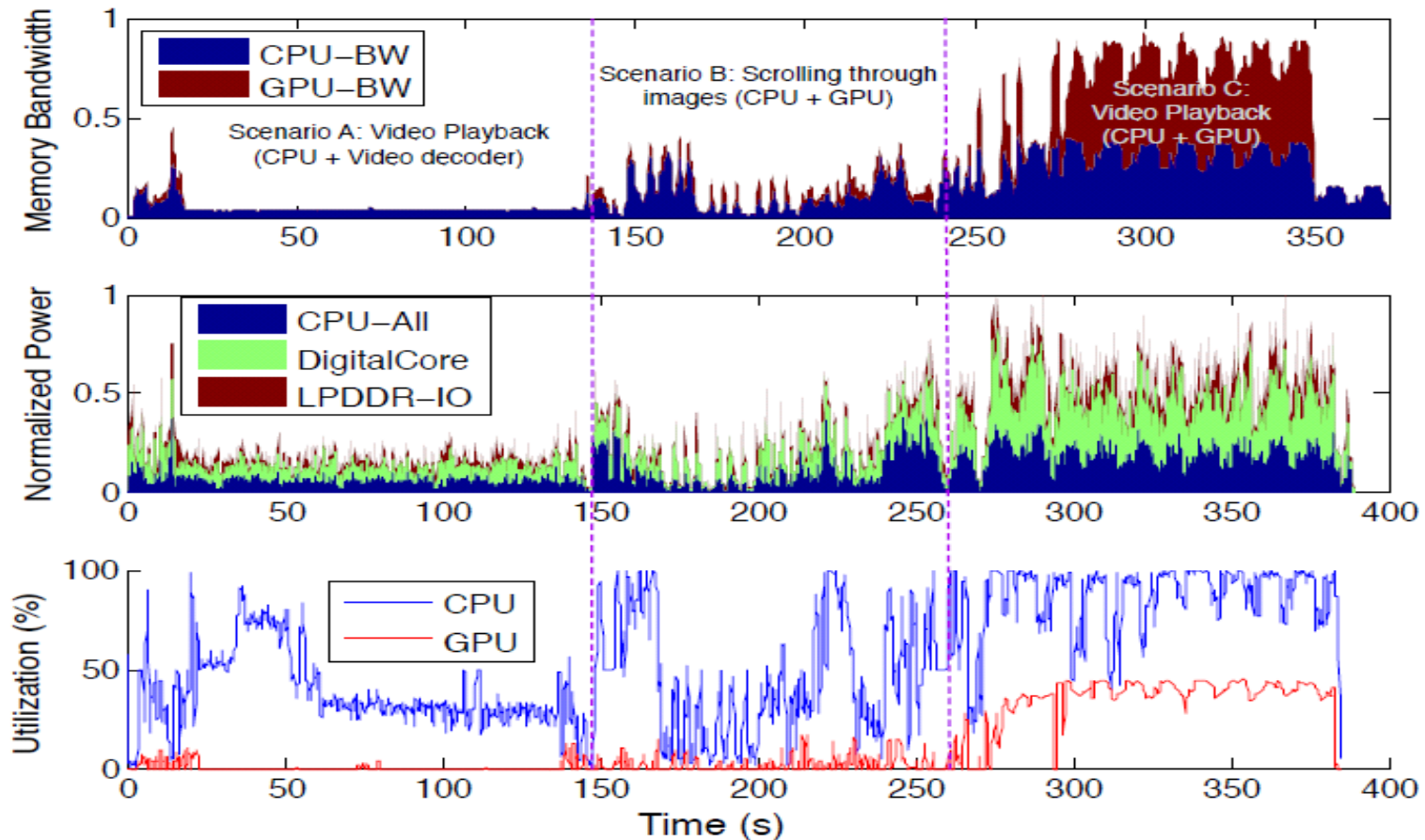


Figures shows the spread of sessions depending on relative CPU-GPU usage

Clustering Results

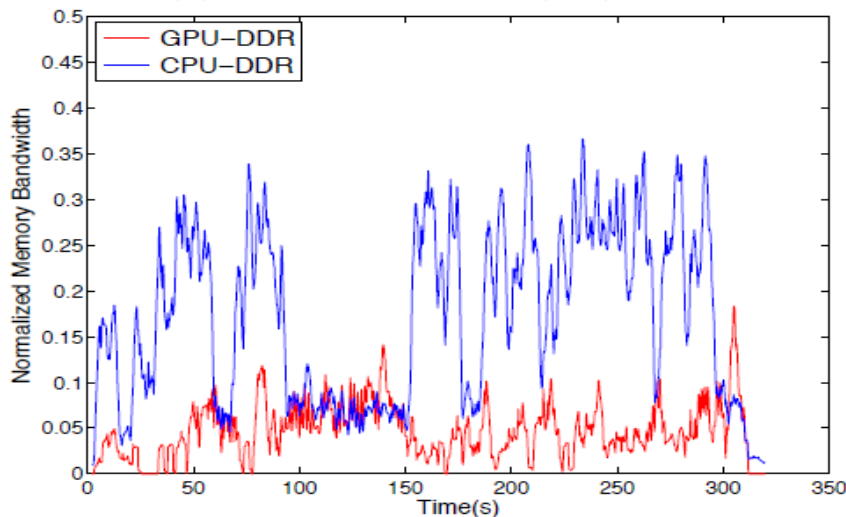
Application CPU-GPU dynamics

Captured Via Timelines

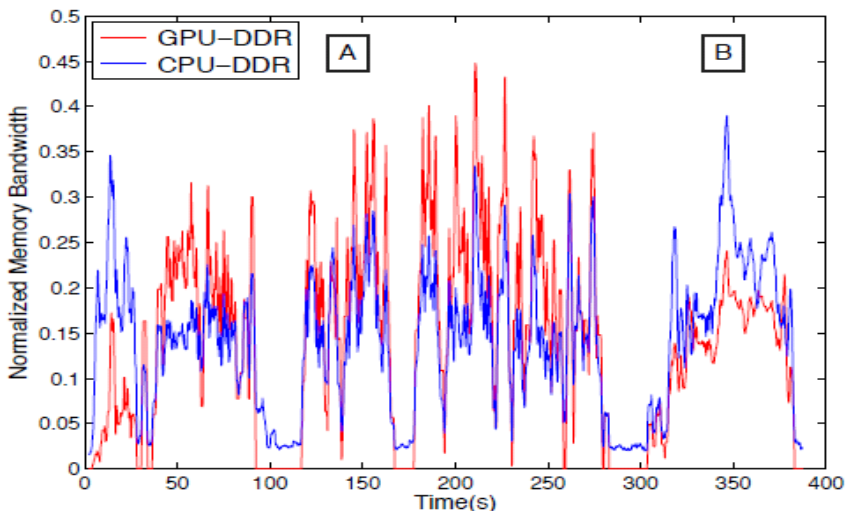


- Figure points out to three scenarios across a single facebook app
- We capture utilization, power and memory bandwidth statistics
- GPU utilization varies across the scenarios (from none, to medium and high). This is reflected in power₄ and the memory bandwidth statistics also.

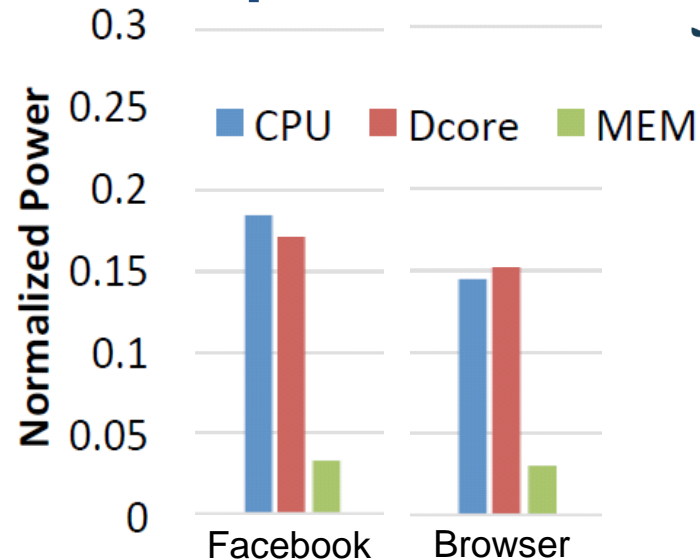
Facebook and Browser Power and Memory Bandwidth Comparison



Facebook test - View albums and pictures in a profile



Browser test - Search for pictures; Swipe through full-screen pictures from Google images(A); Scroll through the image results(B)



- Browser consumes less power relative to FB even though its total memory traffic is higher than FB.
- FB generates higher CPU memory traffic relative to GPU traffic and CPU-GPU power follow this pattern.
- FB's GPU side compute may be the cause of higher GPU power since GPU memory operations do not correlate to the obtained power numbers.